## Exercise 1

Give an example of each of the following:
(a) A natural number
(b) An integer that is not a natural number
(c) A rational number that is not an integer
(d) An irrational number

## Solution

A natural number is what you naturally use to count $(1,2,3, \ldots)$.
69 is an example
The integers consist of all the natural numbers, zero, and their negatives $(\ldots,-3,-2,-1,0,1,2,3, \ldots)$.
-999 is an example

A rational number is a ratio of integers.

$$
\frac{1}{2} \text { is an example. }
$$

An irrational number is a number that goes on forever and can't be represented by a ratio.

$$
\sqrt{3}=1.73205 \ldots \text { is an example. }
$$

